Section 6.4 Families of Elements - Answer Key

- 1) What is the term chemical family used to describe? **The term chemical family** is used to describe related elements.
- 2) Which three elements are often referred to as coinage metals? **Copper**, **silver** and gold are often referred to as coinage metals.
- 3) In 1850, how many elements had chemists identified? In 1850, chemists had identified 58 elements.
- 4) Who successfully sorted elements according to their atomic mass? Russian chemist Dimitri Mendeleev successfully sorted elements according to their atomic mass.
- 5) What is the name for a vertical column in the periodic table? **The name of a vertical column in the periodic table is called a group**.
- 6) What are the horizontal rows of the periodic table called? **The horizontal rows** of the periodic table are called periods.
- 7) Which group are the alkali metals in? The alkali metals are in group 1 (1st column).
- 8) What do the alkali metals react with? The alkali metals react rapidly when exposed to air and water.
- 9) Why can't hydrogen exist as a single atom? **Hydrogen can't exist as a single atom because it is so reactive.**
- 10) Which metals are the most reactive? **The alkali metals are the most reactive**.

- 11) Which non-metals are the most reactive? **The hologens are the most reactive non-metals**.
- 12) Where are the halogens located on the periodic table? The halogens are located in group 17 (the 2nd last column) of the periodic table.
- 13) Which two elements is salt made from? **Salt is made from sodium and chloride**.
- 14) What is group 18 called? Group 18 is called the noble gases.
- 15) Where is group 18 located on the periodic table? **Group 18 is located in the last column (far right) of the periodic table**.
- 16) Why are they called noble gases? They are called noble gases because they are chemically non-reactive (calm). Historically, calmness was thought to be a characteristic of nobility.