Section 13.4 Surveying the Solar System

1) What is the Sun mostly made up of? The Sun is mostly made up of hydrogen.

2) How long is the Sun's diameter? **The Sun's diameter is approximately 1.4** million kilometers.

3) How many times larger is the Sun's diameter compared to Earth? **The Sun's diameter is 110 times longer than the diameter of Earth.**

4) Define Sun spot. A sun spot is a region on the Sun that is cooler and looks darker than its surroundings.

5) Define solar flares. Solar flares are high temperature eruptions of gases that occur near sun spots. They can cause radio and magnetic disturbances on Earth.

6) Define solar wind. Solar winds are streams of electrically charged protons and electrons discharged by the Sun. Often associated with sun spots and solar flares.

7) Why is the Sun all "atmosphere"? **The Sun is all "atmosphere" because it is made entirely of gas.**

8) What is the second element that the Sun is made of? The second most abundant element that the Sun is composed of is Helium.

9) What is the energy source of the Sun? The energy source of the Sun is the process of fusion, where hydrogen is converted into helium.

10) Define corona. A corona is an irregular shaped halo around the Sun.

11) Define photosphere. The photosphere is the edge of the Sun where its light comes from.

12) Which planets are the inner planets? **Mercury**, **Venus**, **Earth and Mars are the inner planets**.

13) Which planets are the outer planets? Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune are the outer planets.

14) Why is Pluto no longer considered a planet? Pluto is no longer considered a planet because of its irregular orbit and small size.

15) Which planet has two moons? Mars has two moons.

16) Which is the largest planet? Jupiter is the largest planet.

17) Which planet has the highest average surface temperature? **Venus has the highest average surface temperature**.

18) What are the rings of Saturn made of? The rings of Saturn are made up of ice-covered rock fragments and dust.

19) What was one of the risks Voyager 2 had to face? **Voyager 2 had to pass** through a region containing millions of Asteroids located between Mars and Jupiter.

20) What is the diameter of the largest known asteroid? **The diameter of the largest known asteroid is 1000km**.

21) What do some asteroids have that could be harmful to Earth? **Some asteroids** have orbits that cross the path of Earth.

22) Define comets. Comets are small celestial bodies that orbit the Sun and are made up of dust and ice.

23) What is Earth hit by every day? Every day Earth is hit by thousands of dust and rock fragments from space.

24) Why are meteors some times called shooting stars? Meteors are sometimes called shooting stars because when they enter Earth's atmosphere, they burn up, generating enough light to make them visible.

25) How long will Voyager 1 be able to send back images and measurements for?

Voyager 1 should be able to send back images and measurements until about the year 2030.