## $\mathcal{N}$ (umber Sense Vocabulary



| 23 | Square number | $\mathcal{H o w}$ we usually write numbers. |
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| 24 | Ratio | To determine the value of a numericalexpression. |
| 25 | Perfect square | $a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$ |
| 26 | Improper <br> Fraction | The numerator is less than the denominator. |
| 27 | Variable | The space inside a flat shape. |
| 28 | Inverse operation | $\mathcal{A}$ number that cannot be written in the form $m / n, n$ can't $=0$, where $m$ and $n$ are integers. |
| 29 | Evaluate | Write sometfing |
| 30 | Square root | A number that can't be represented as a product of two equal fac tors. |
| 31 | Numerator | the number that is divided. |
| 32 | Power of a product | A number that can be written as a power with an integer Gase and exponent 2. |
| 33 | Divis or | An operation that reverses the result of another operation. |
| 34 | Estimate | An expression of the form a to the power of $n$, where $a$ is the base and $n$ is the exponent. |
| 35 | Equation | A power that is raised to a power; for example, $\left(3^{2}\right)^{3}$ |
| 36 | Mixed number | The number to be divided. |
| 37 | Order of operations | A mathematicalstatement that shows two expressions are equal. |
| 38 | Equivalent | The comparis on of two or more quantities with the same unit. |
| 39 | Proper Fraction | The number that divides into another number. |
| 40 | Power of a power | Aneducated guess. |
| 41 | Product | The result of multiplication. |
| 42 | Irrational number | A number which, when multiplied by itself, results in a given number. |
| 43 | Power | 6x-4 |

